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## Structure Reports

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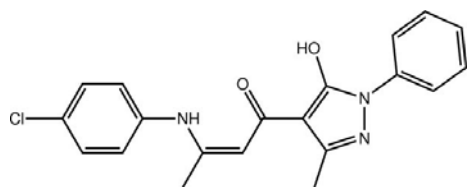
**(2Z)-3-(4-Chloroanilino)-1-(5-hydroxy-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)but-2-en-1-one**Abdullah M. Asiri,<sup>a,b,‡</sup> Abdulrahman O. Al-Youbi,<sup>a</sup> Khalid A. Alamry,<sup>a</sup> Hassan M. Faidallah,<sup>a</sup> Seik Weng Ng<sup>c,a</sup> and Edward R. T. Tiekink<sup>c\*</sup><sup>a</sup>Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, <sup>b</sup>The Center of Excellence for Advanced Materials Research, King Abdulaziz University, Jeddah, PO Box 80203, Saudi Arabia, and <sup>c</sup>Department of Chemistry, University of Malaya, 50603 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia  
Correspondence e-mail: edward.tiekink@gmail.com

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.039;  $wR$  factor = 0.103; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.8.

With the exception of the terminal benzene rings, the atoms in the title compound,  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2$ , are approximately coplanar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.0495 Å). The benzene/chlorobenzene rings form dihedral angles of 3.02 (4) and 41.59 (5)°, respectively, with this plane. The hydroxy, amino and carbonyl groups all lie to the same side of the molecule, enabling the formation of intramolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds that close  $S(6)$  rings. The configuration about the 2-butene bond is *Z*. Supramolecular chains mediated by  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$  interactions and aligned along the  $c$  axis are found in the crystal packing. These assemble into layers that are connected by weak  $\pi-\pi$  interactions between centrosymmetrically related chlorobenzene rings [3.8156 (9) Å].

## Related literature

For background to the synthesis, see: Gelin *et al.* (1983); Bendaas *et al.* (1999).

## Experimental

## Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2$  $M_r = 367.82$ <sup>‡</sup> Additional correspondence author, e-mail: aasiri2@kau.edu.sa.Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$  $a = 10.7782$  (3) Å $b = 12.6349$  (4) Å $c = 12.9071$  (4) Å $\beta = 100.956$  (3)° $V = 1725.67$  (9) Å<sup>3</sup> $Z = 4$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation $\mu = 0.24$  mm<sup>-1</sup> $T = 100$  K $0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.20$  mm

## Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2010) $T_{\min} = 0.931$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.953$ 8785 measured reflections  
3860 independent reflections  
3199 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$ 

## Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$  $wR(F^2) = 0.103$  $S = 1.01$ 

3860 reflections

245 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.96 (3)	1.64 (3)	2.5283 (16)	153 (3)
$\text{N3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.91 (2)	1.93 (2)	2.6678 (18)	136.9 (18)
$\text{C4}-\text{H4}\cdots\text{Cl1}^i$	0.95	2.81	3.6217 (18)	144

Symmetry code: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{3}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG5069).

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